



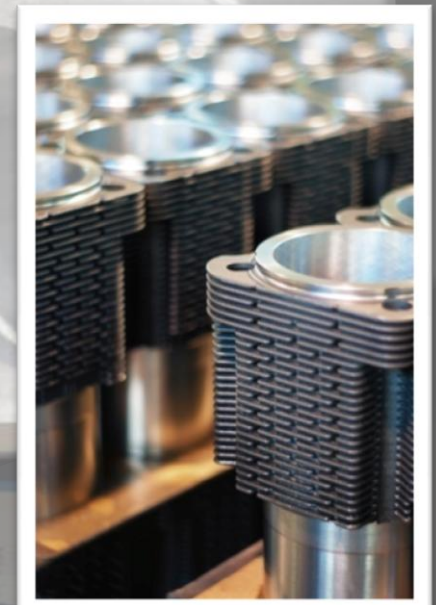
An Automatic procedure for the optimization of the pin bore profile for highly loaded pistons



Company Introduction



- Duraldur is a small-medium company located in the north of Italy, on the Garda Lake
- Duraldur specialized in the productions of casted and forged pistons, air-cooled cylinder, centrifugated liners and made of alluminium forged liners mainly for internal combustion engines
- The company was established in 1951 and is family-run business



- Pistons are key component of engines
- Nowadays the OEM are adopting exclusively four stroke engine to fulfill requirements in gaseous emissions
- This lead to a potential loss of power density that is compensated thanks to a painful increasing of combustion pressure and the adoption of turbocharging;

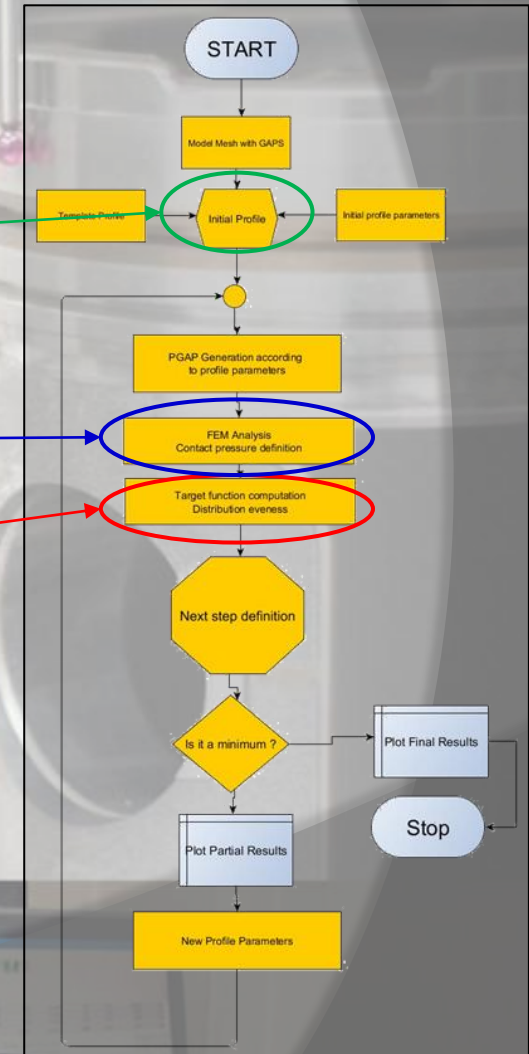


GREAT IMPACT ON PISTON – PIN CONTACT

HOW ACHIEVE THE BEST SOLUTION????



- Thanks to a strict cooperation with Leonardo Engineering we developed a fully automatic tool to get the best piston-pin contact
- The target of this automatic tool is to define the best pin bore profile to level out the contact pressure
- Starting point for simulation
 - Based on previous experience
 - May influence search result
- Gap contact force
 - Requires computation of average pressure
 - Specific Python script available
- Target function:
 - Max predicted value of contact pressure not reliable, because it may be influenced by numerical oscillation
 - Max quadratic variance of pressure
 - Two options, both tested:
 - Computed on the upper half of the pin bore
 - Computed only in contact areas
 - Computed only in contact areas



- Two areas of choice

- *Derivative-based* (Jacobian & Hessian matrix)

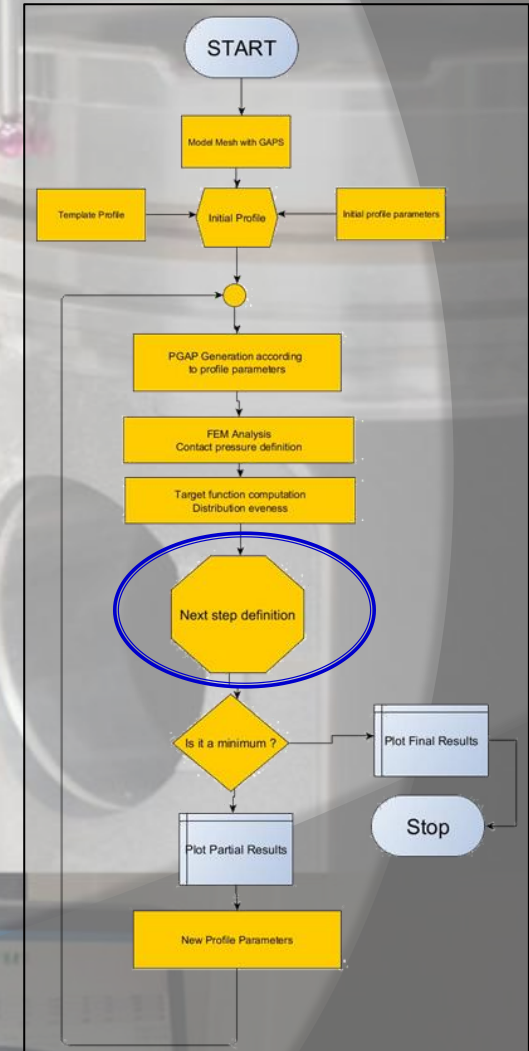
- Faster but sensible to noise (numerical or measured)
- May be locked into local minimum
- Two methods tested

- *Non Derivative-based* (s.c. Global search)

- Much stabler but slower
- May not converge in reasonable time
- Two methods tested

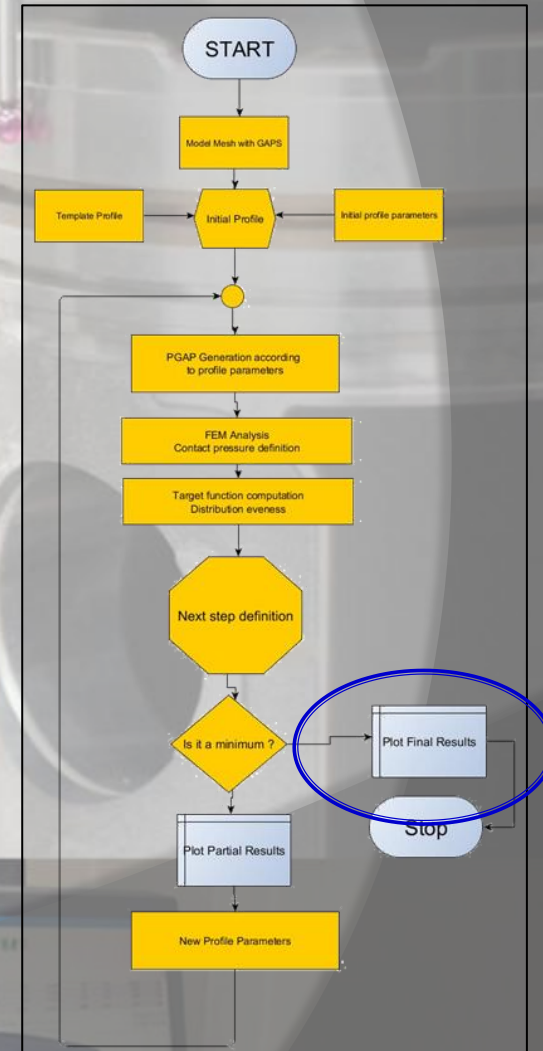
- Both types of methods tested

- *Derivative based* converged to probable absolute minimum with both options for target functions
- *Non-derivative based* were slower and remained far from best options found by derivative based ones.



■ Output

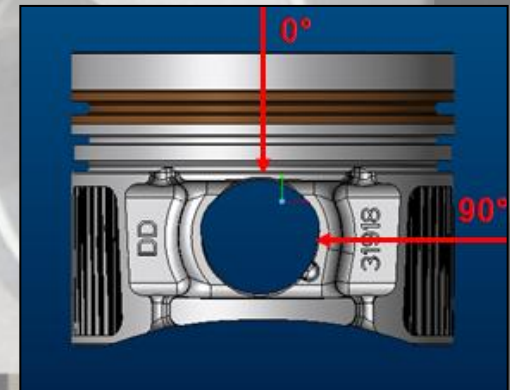
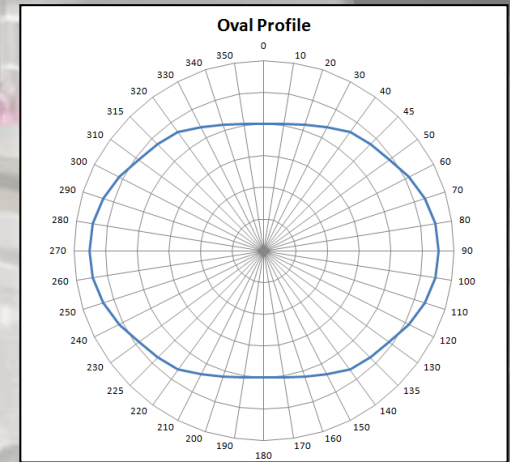
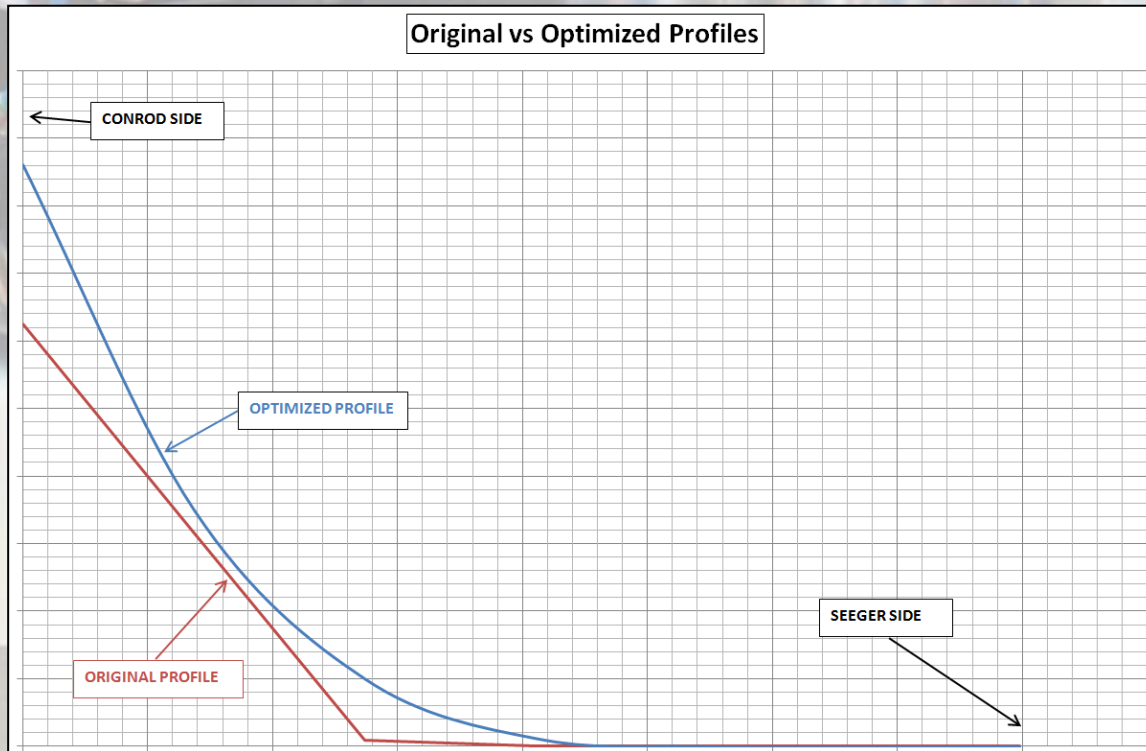
- Value of the parameters corresponding to Best Found Value (BFV)
- Plot file for visualization
- Target function at BFV
- FME model (rough mesh, with BFV gap configuration) and result



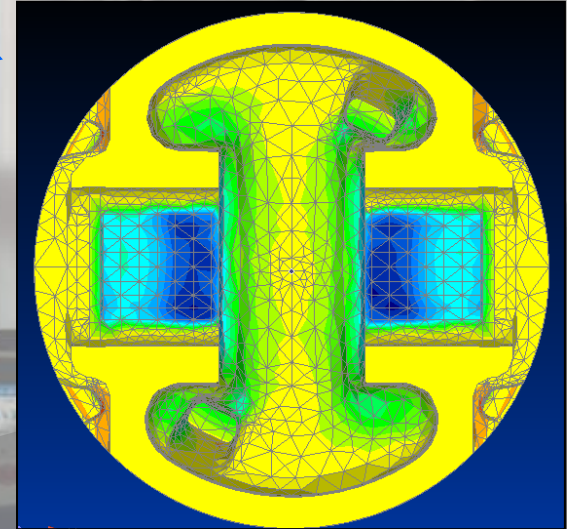
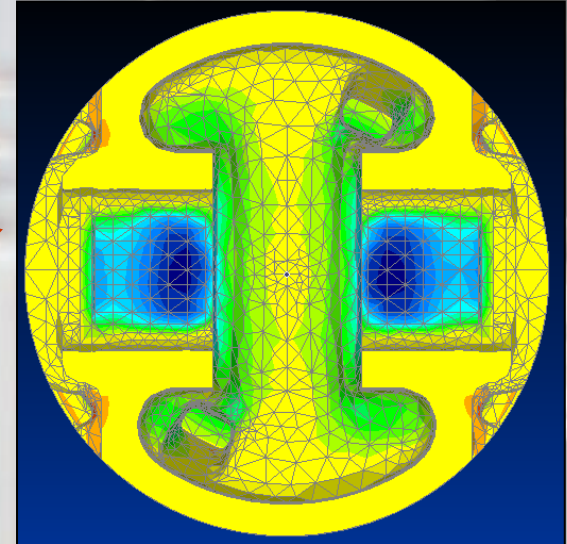
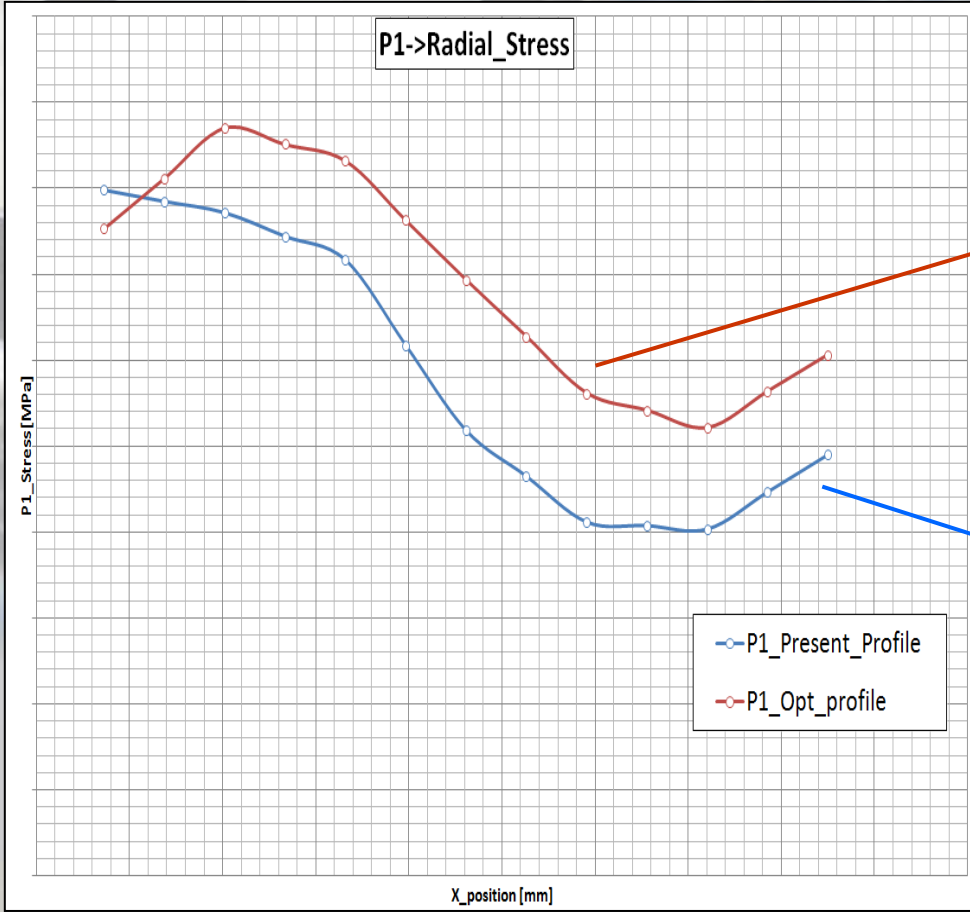
- In the last two years we designed and developed, in partnership with KOHLER ENGINES Reggio Emilia, a new piston for a diesel engine with increased power and torque.
- Following the first test phase, we stated that the piston-pin contact was ok, anyway an improvement was possible.
- For this reason we performed an optimization assessment to improve the actual situation.

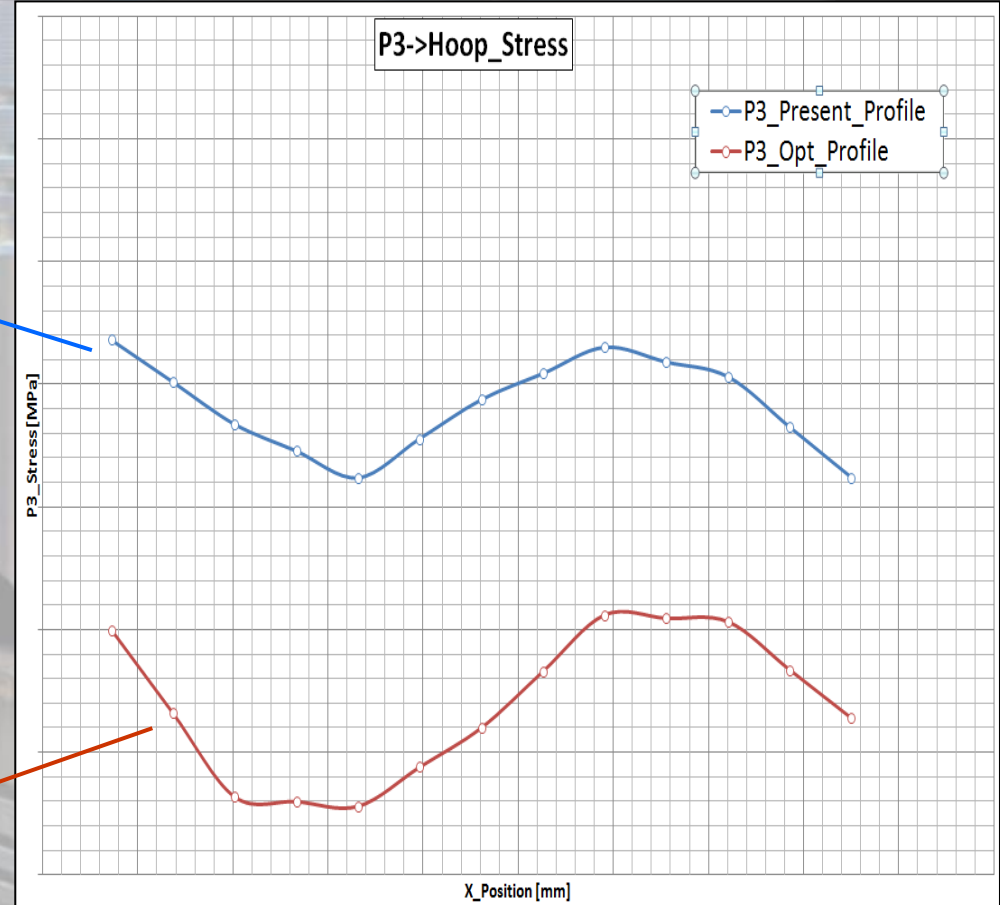
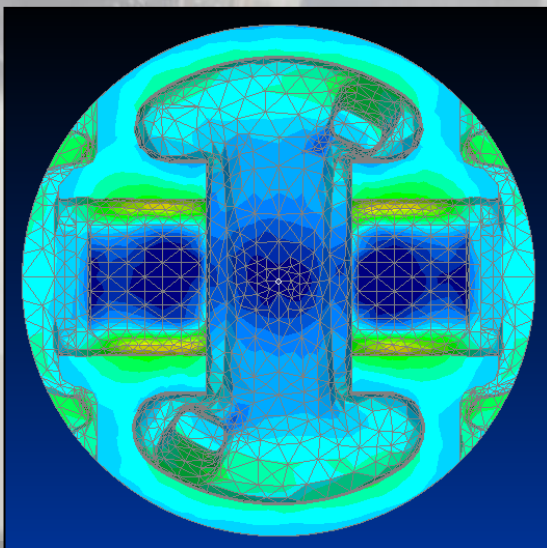
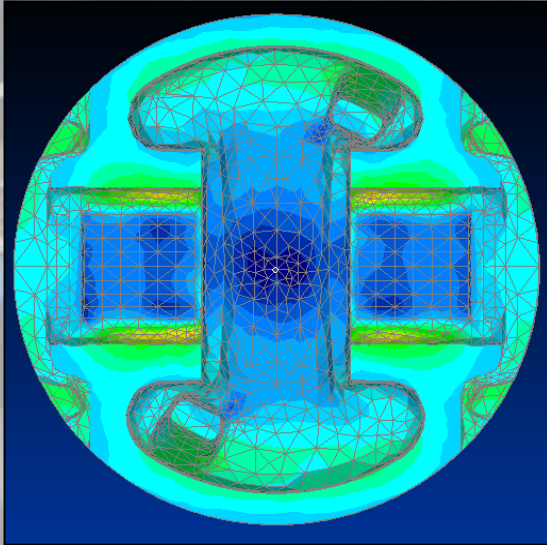


- At the first step we checked the existing situation
- Hereafter we perform an optimization analysis
- Finally we compared the different output (profile and stress)



- The optimized profile requires an oval development @90°





Process

- Review parameters definition
- Add version with conical taper
- Add conrod profile to optimization procedure
- Generate interface GUI for non-python users
- Develop python script to view results in FEARCE
- Other optimization criteria (stresses, fatigue life)

Product

- Review analysis with finer mesh as original one
- Check cold piston pressure distribution (with reasonable cyclinder pressure!!)

